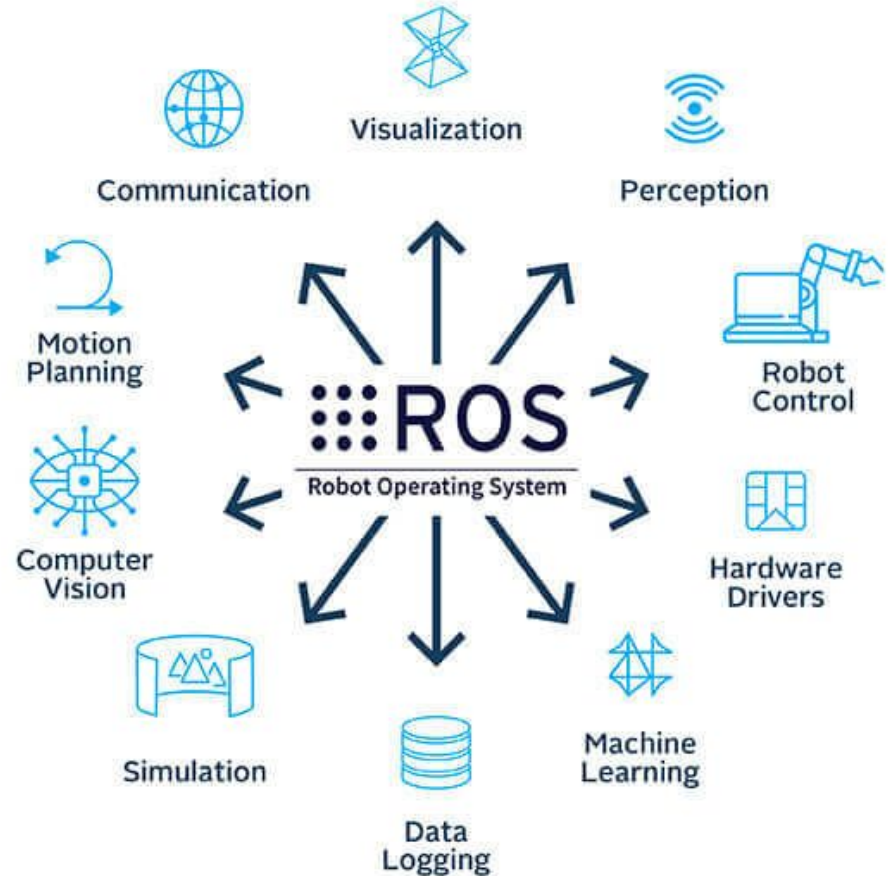

Robot Operating System

— Ing. Domsa Victor —
Sl.dr.ing. Levente Tamas

What is ROS?

Not an Operating System...



What is ROS?

- A collection of packaging, software building tools
- Development tools for system runtime and data analysis
- Open-source under permissive BSD licenses (ros core libraries)
- A language-independent architecture (c++, python, lisp, java, and more)
- A scalable platform (ARM CPUS to Xeon Clusters)

How it came to be?



STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Personal Robotics Program



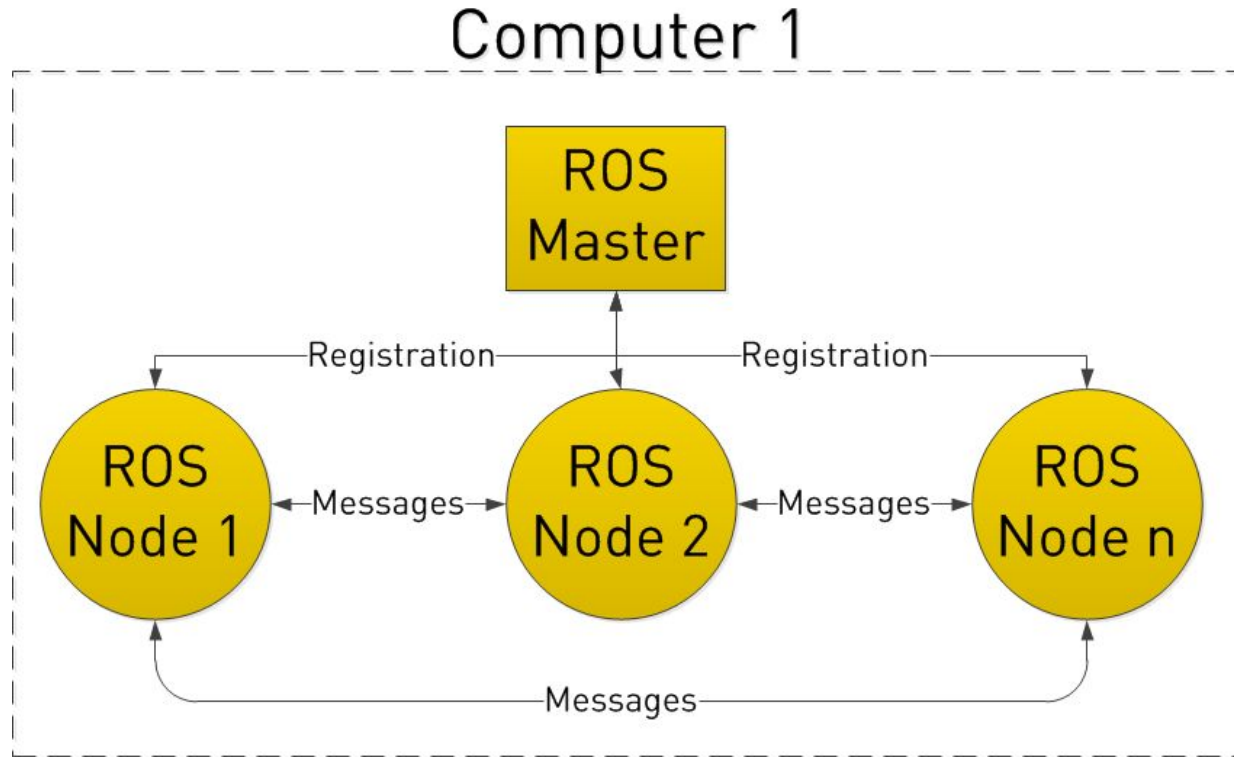
How does it work?

It has a core:

- ROS Master
 - centralized XML-RPC server
- Parameter Server
 - stores configuration params/data
- Rosout
 - network-based stdout for messages



ROS Master and Nodes



Nodes

- processes running inside ROS
- can be written in different programming languages
- source *and/or* sink for data sent over the ROS network (talker *and/or* subscriber)
- expect to receive specific data types (messages)
- send specific data types (messages)
- a talker specifies **to** which 'topic' it wants to send data
- a subscriber specifies **from** which 'topic' it wants to receive data

Communication

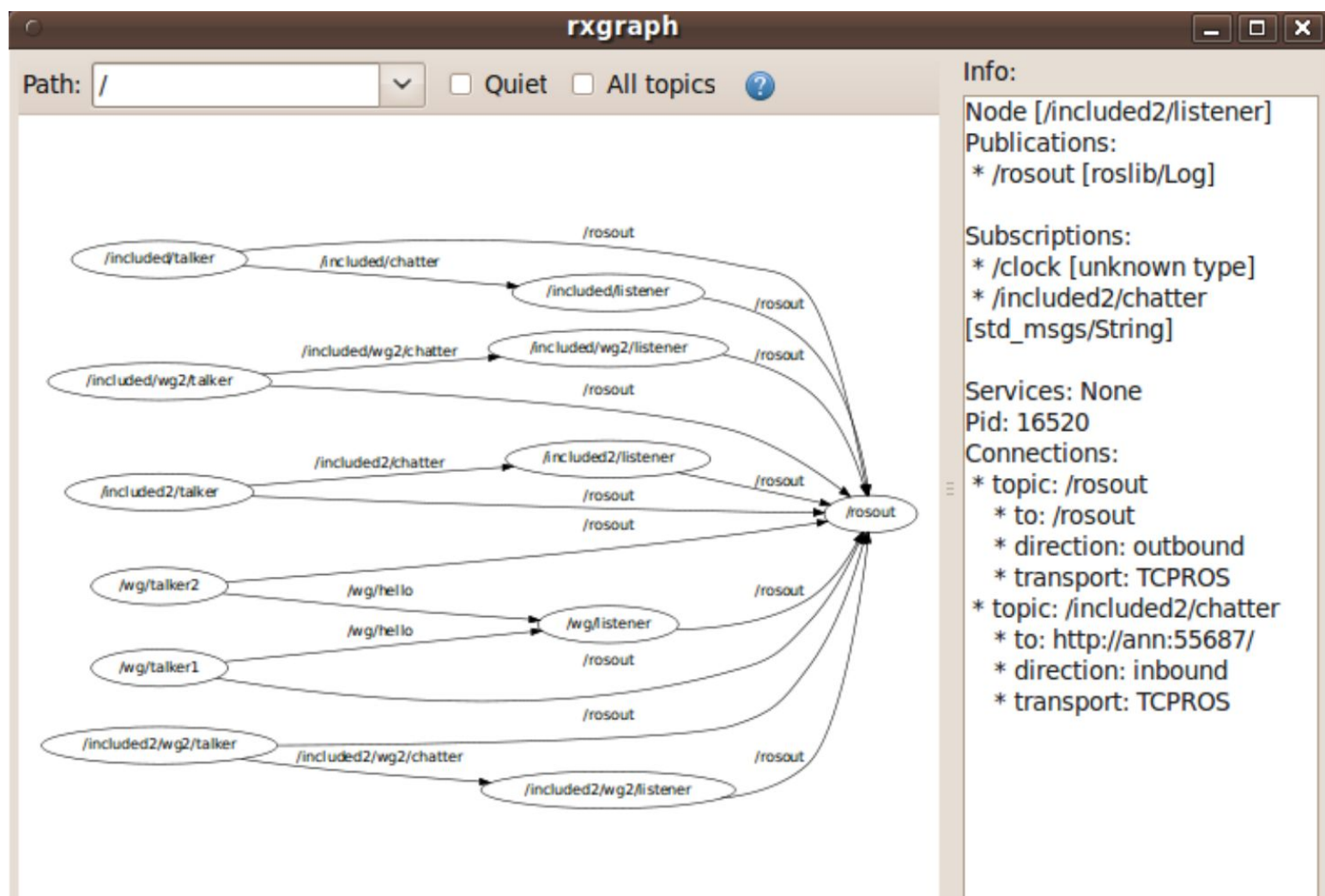
Topics

- Asynchronous many-to-many communication
- Can have one or more publishers
- Can have one or more subscribers
- Strongly-typed (ROS .msg spec)
- TCP/IP or UDP-based Transport

Services

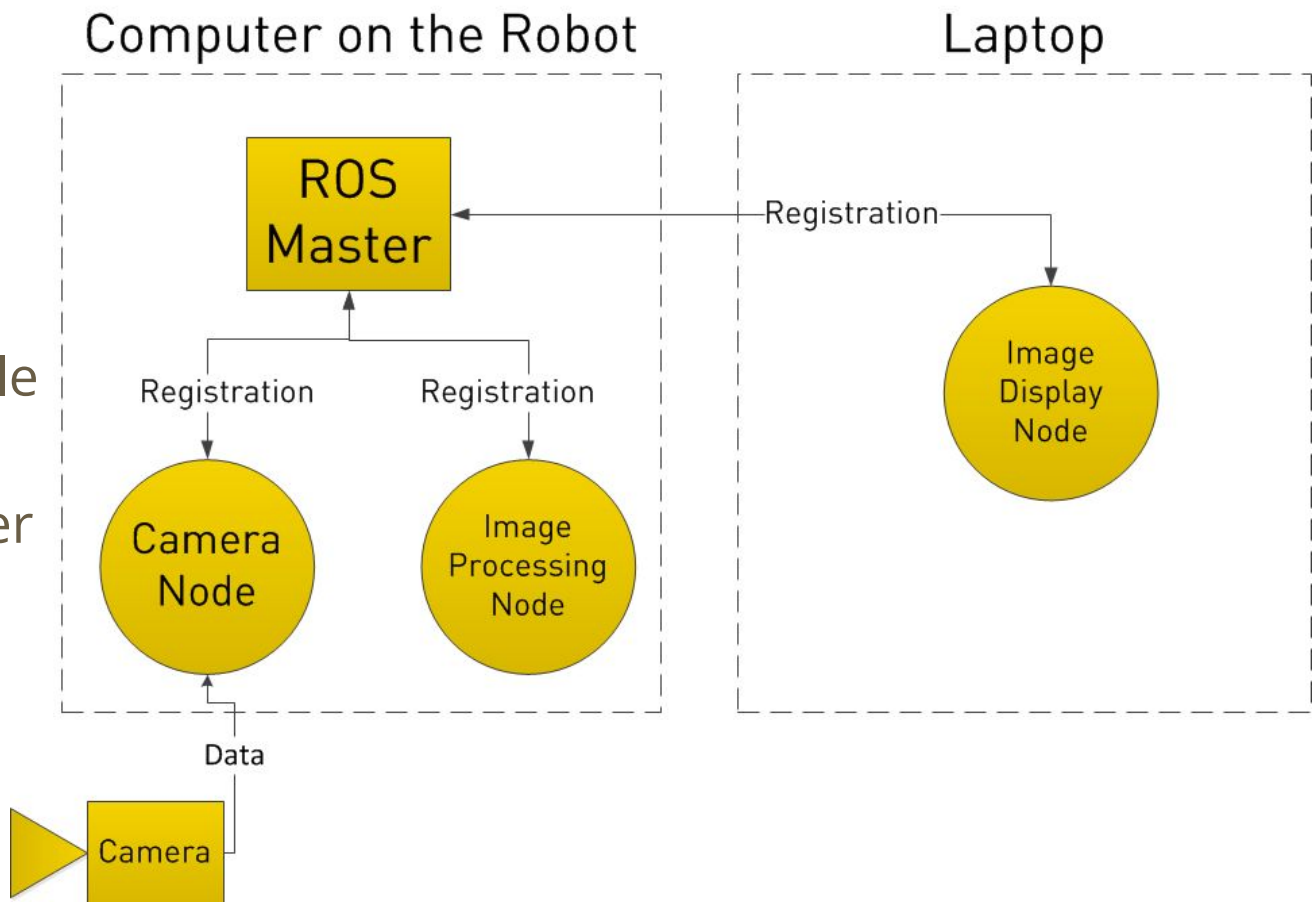
- Synchronous function-call-like communication
- Can have only one server
- Can have one or more clients
- Strongly-typed (ROS .srv spec)
- TCP/IP or UDP Transport

How to
see all
the
nodes?

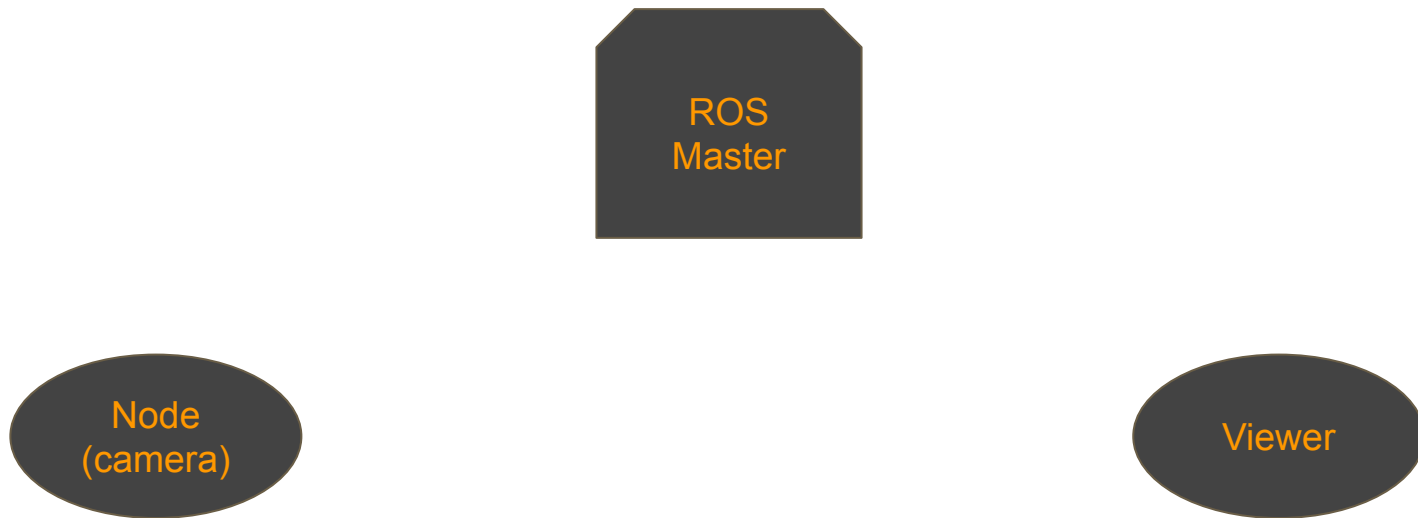


Multi-Platform?

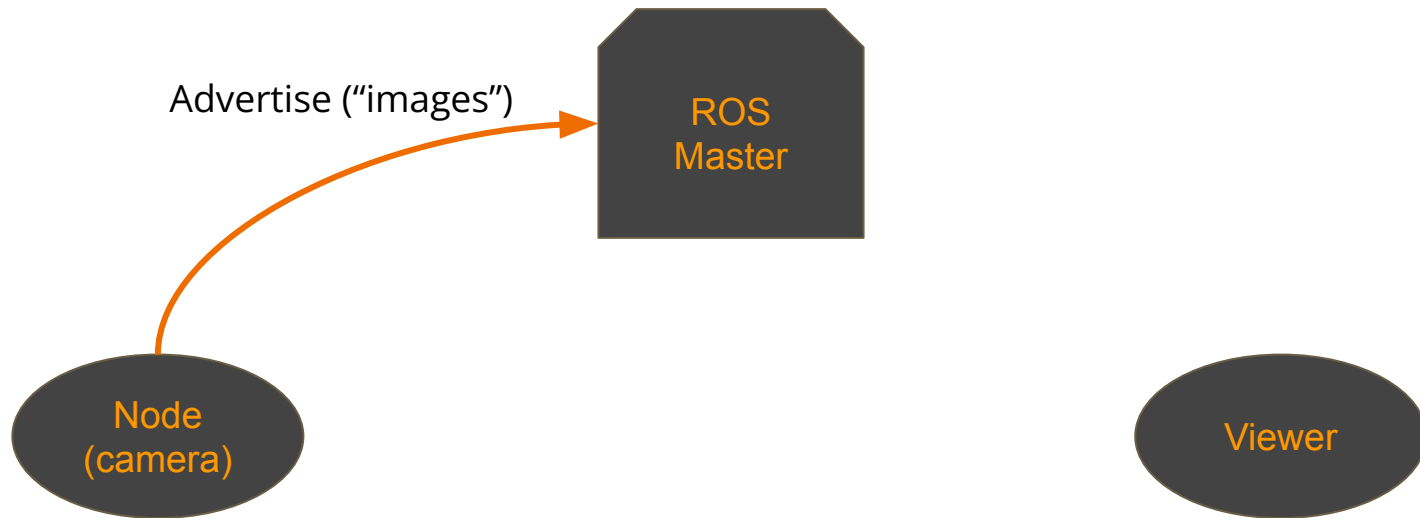
- It can run on multiple PCs/robots
- Only one ROS Master



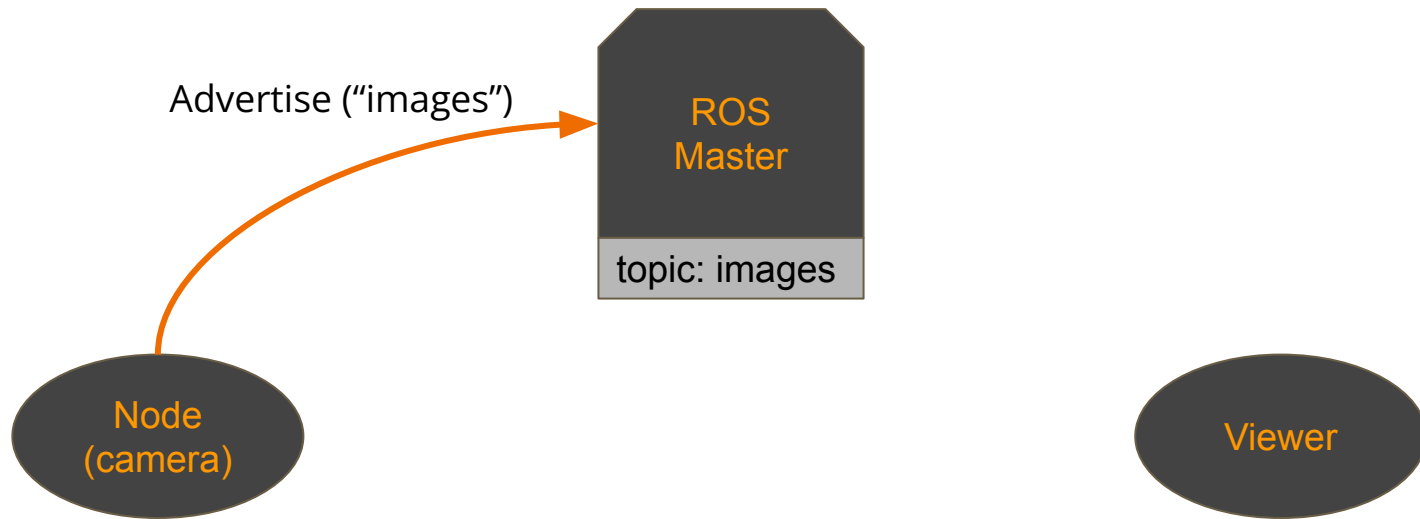
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



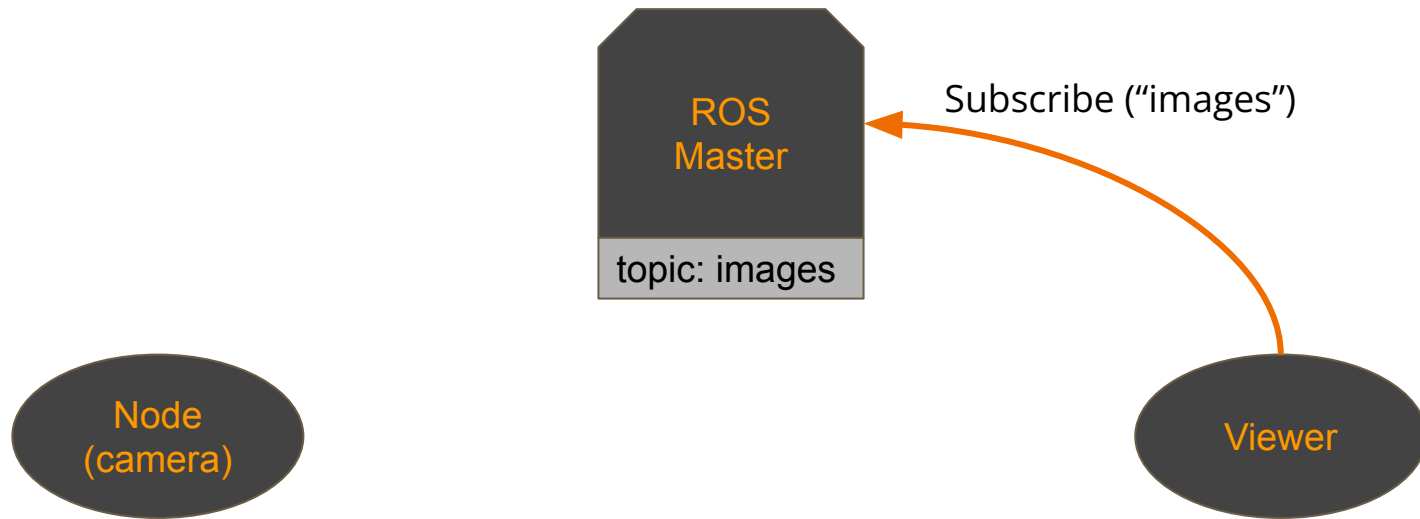
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



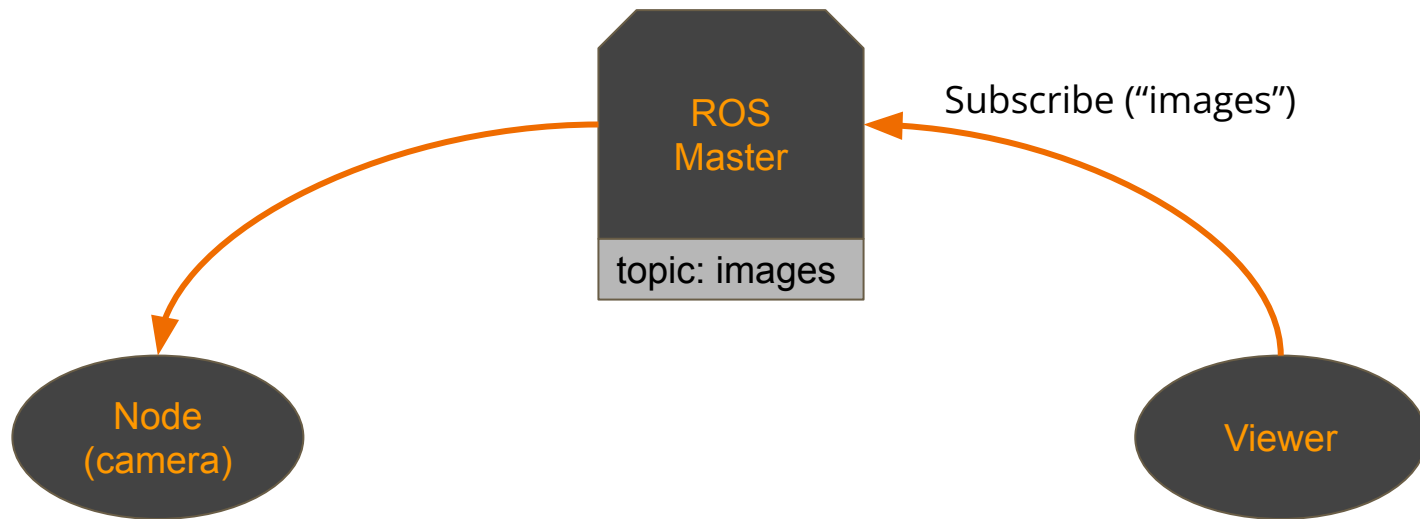
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



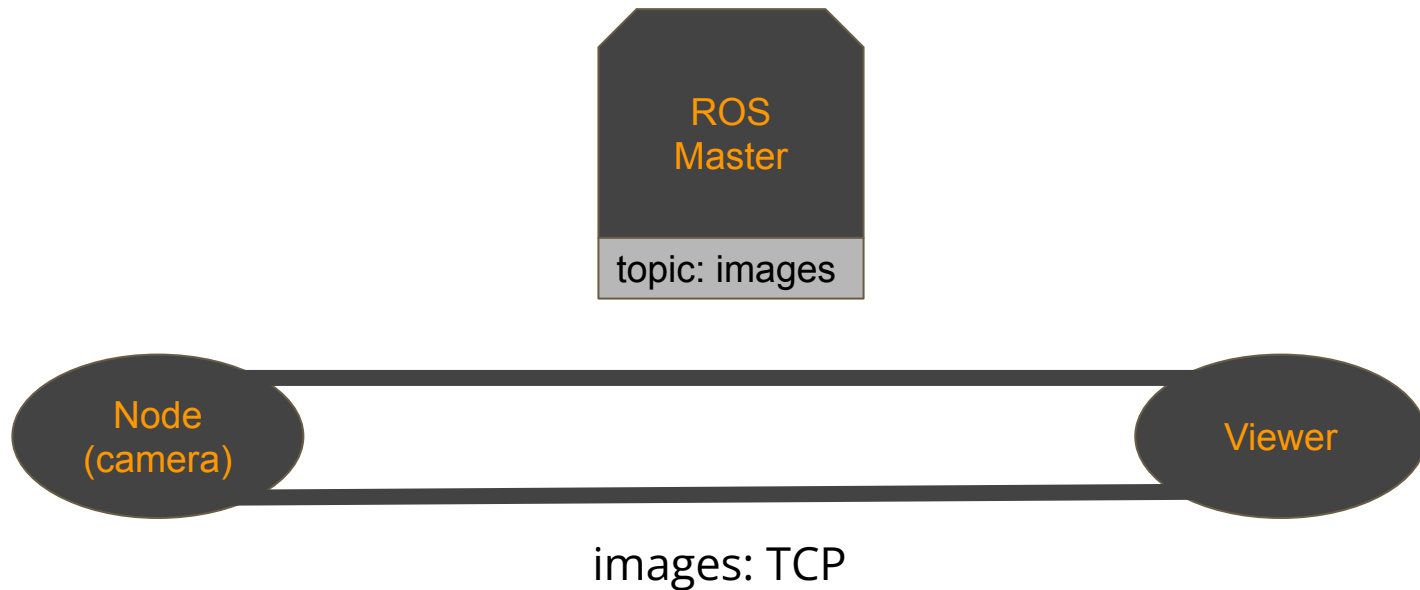
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



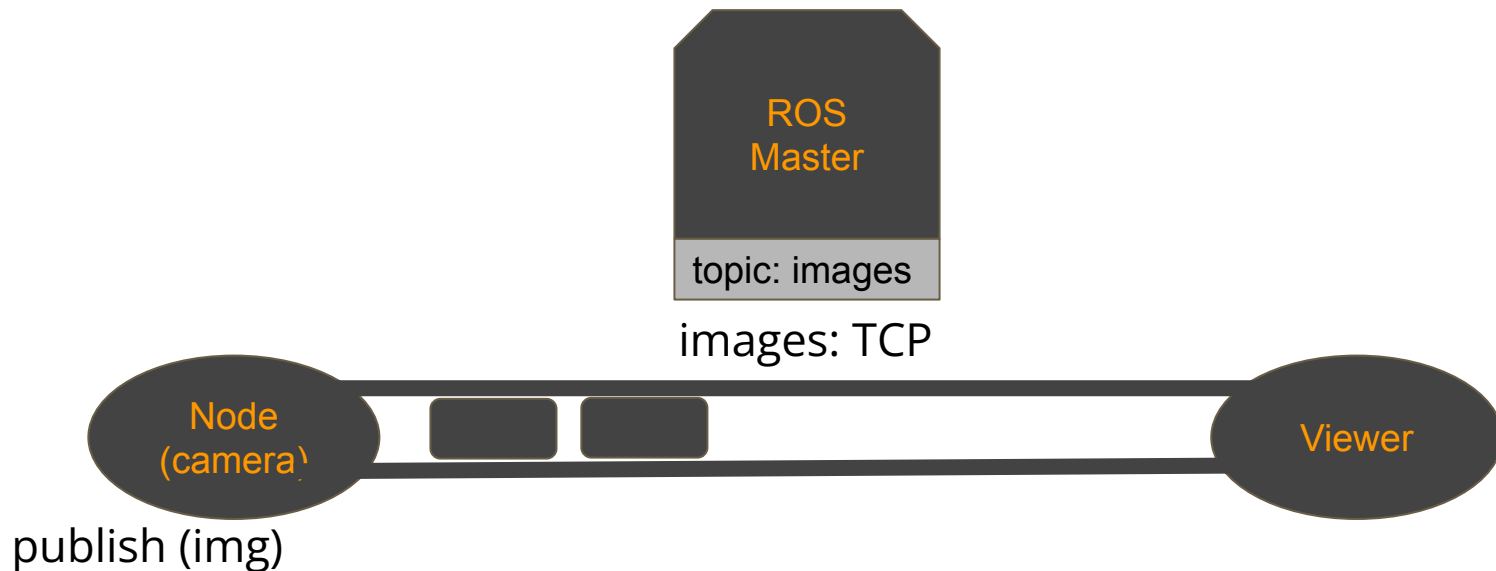
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



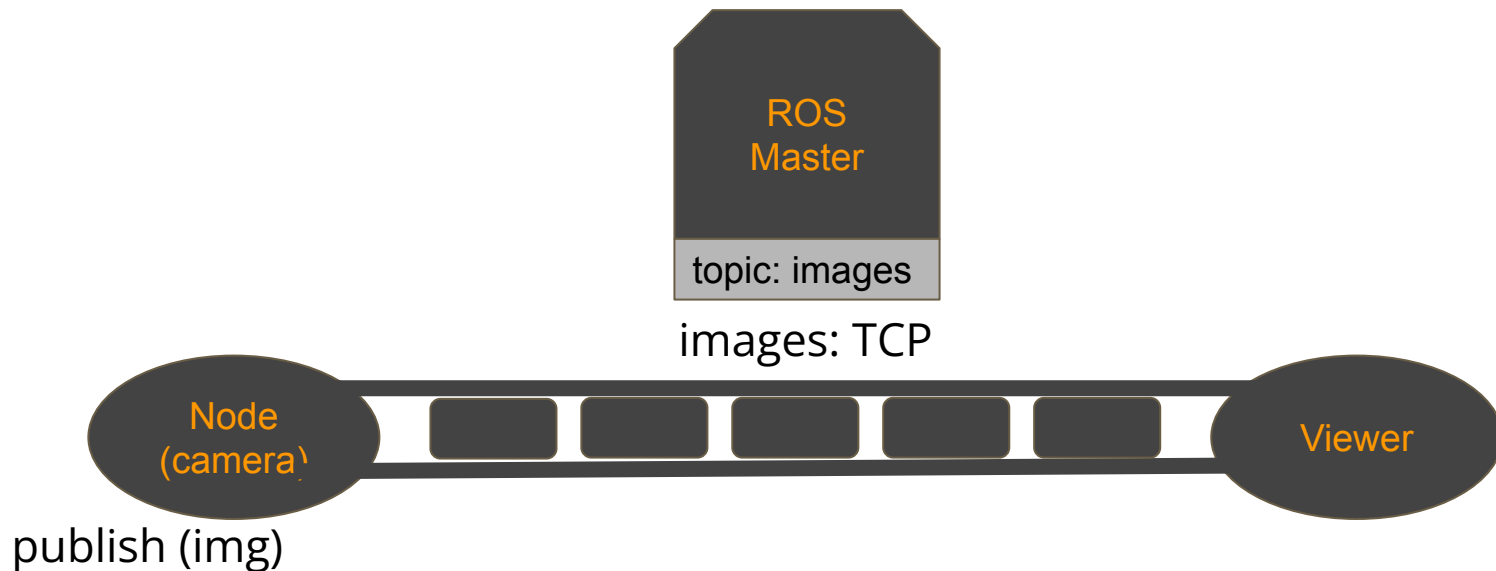
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



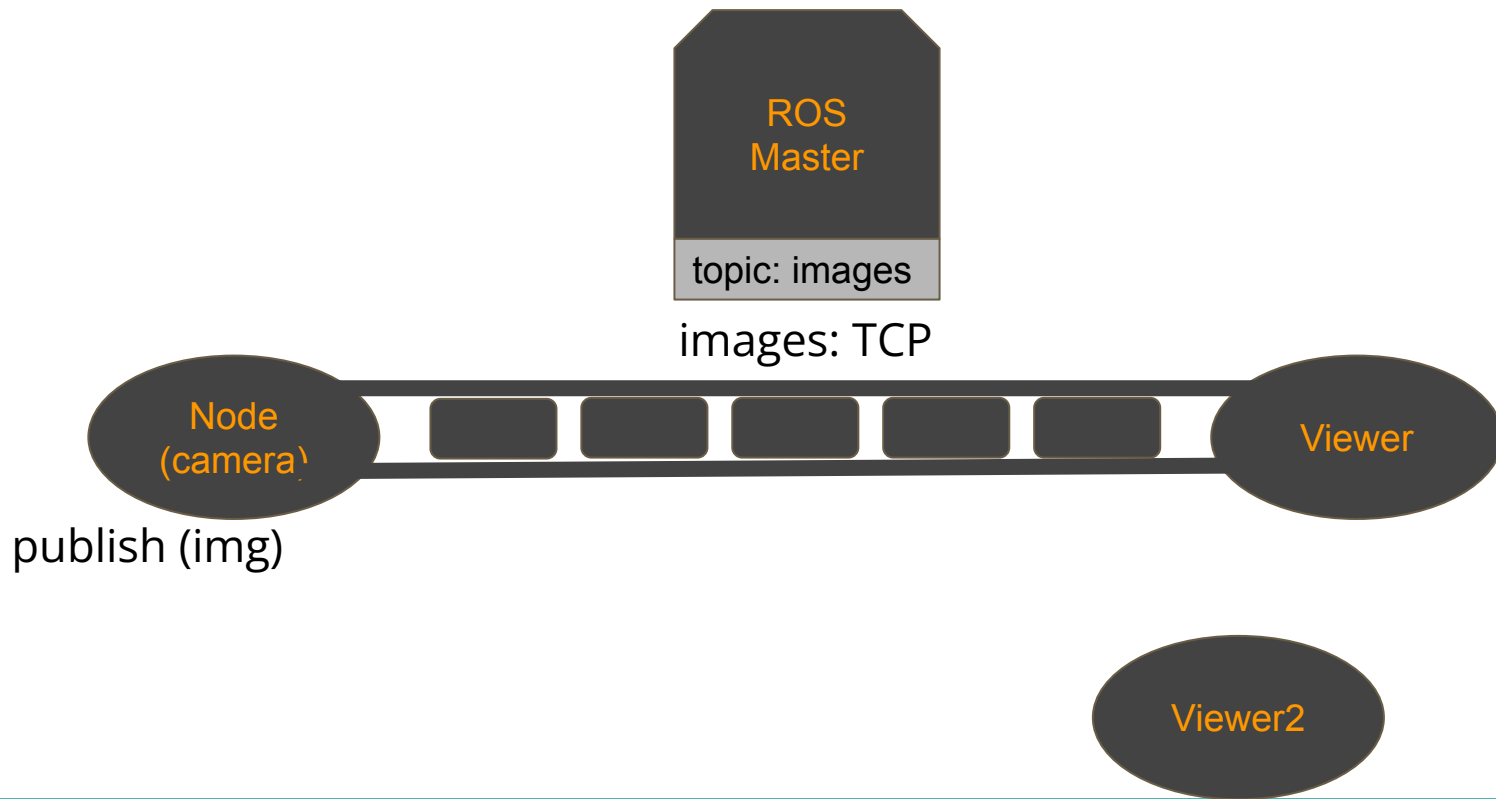
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



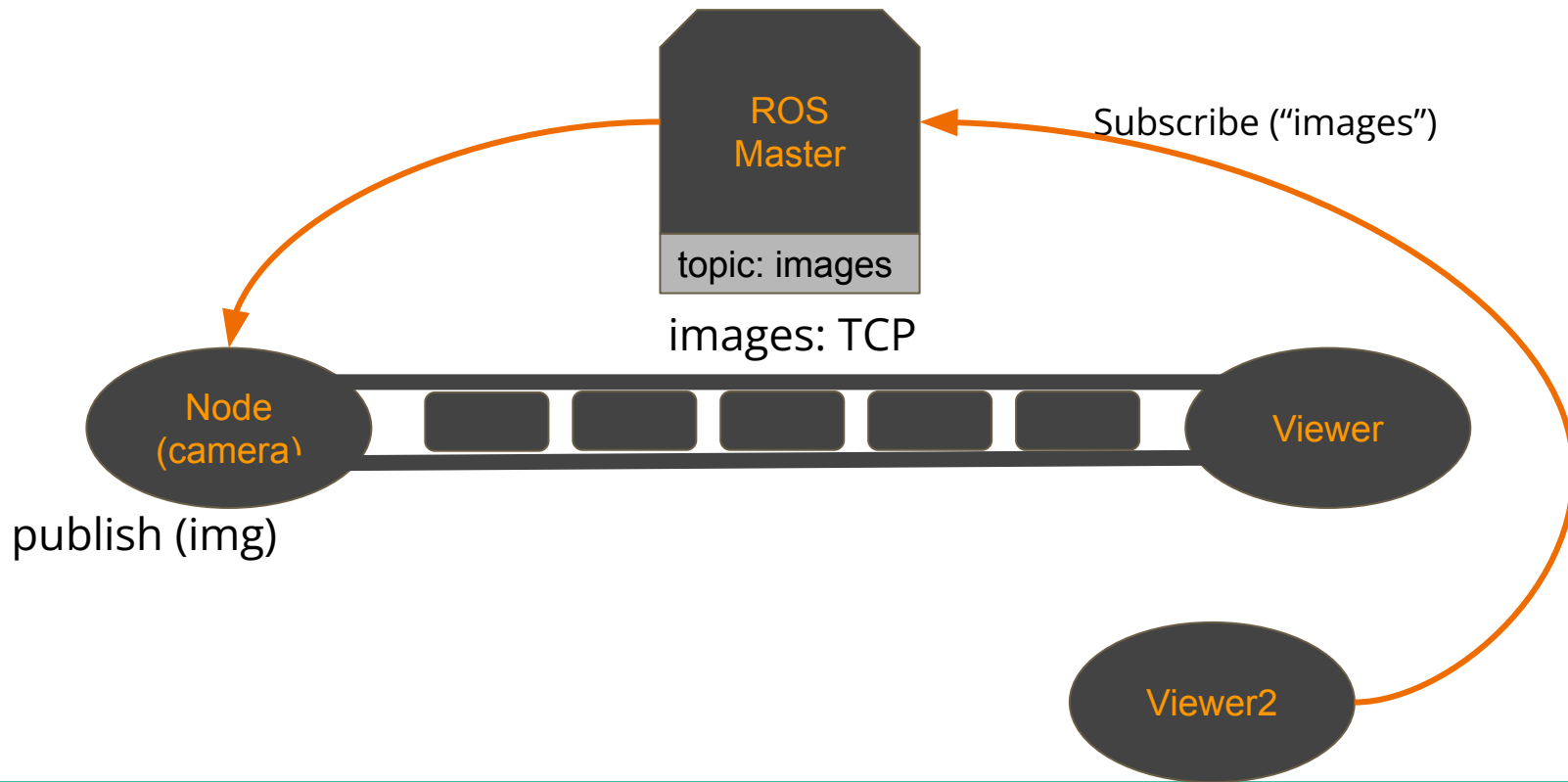
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



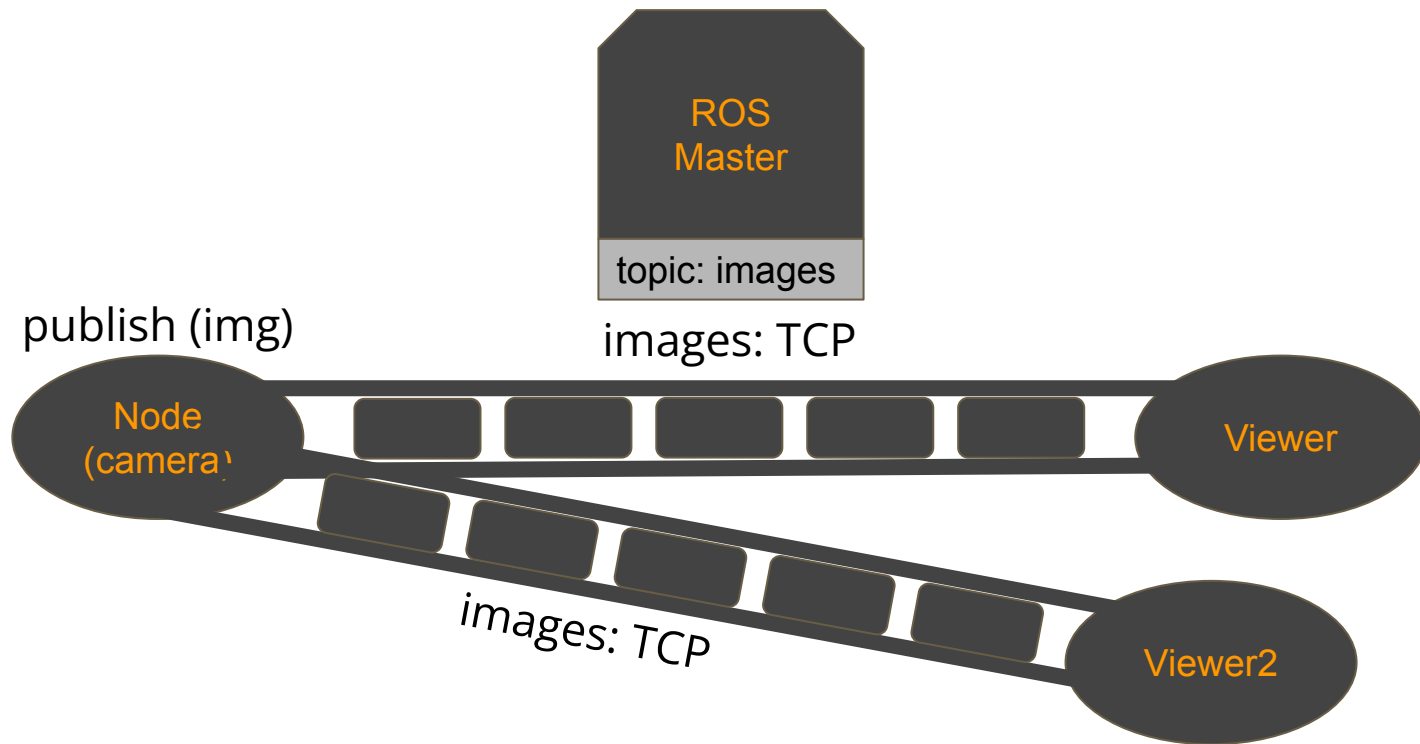
Asynchronous Distributed Communication



Asynchronous Distributed Communication



Asynchronous Distributed Communication



images: TCP

Creating and running ROS Nodes

Launch files

- XML file
- contains parameters and configurations
- used by the 'roslaunch' tool



Creating and running ROS Nodes

Launch files enable users to:

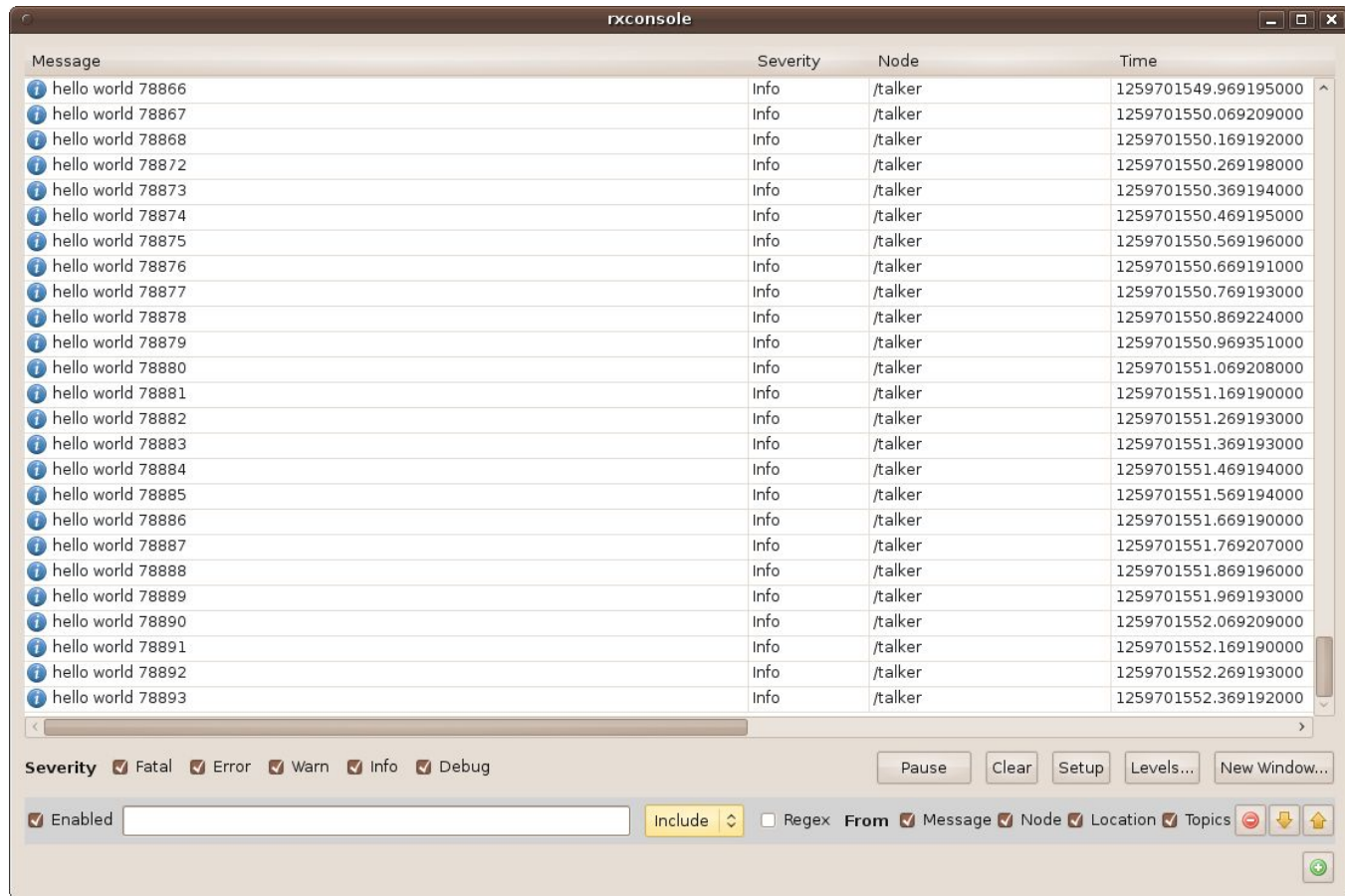
- Associate a set of parameters and nodes with a single file
- Automatically re-spawn nodes if they crash
- Change node names, namespaces, topics, and other resource names without recompiling
- Easily distribute nodes across multiple machines

ROS Graph Introspection

ROS provides several tools for analyzing the data owing over ROS communication resources:

- **rostopic**
 - Gives a user information about a node: publications, subscriptions, etc
- **rostopic**
 - Gives data rate, actual data, publishers, subscribes
- **rosservice**
 - Enables a user to call a ROS Service from the command line
- **roswtf** (wire trouble finder)
 - Diagnoses problems with a ROS network

ROS Graphical User Interface(s)



/u/jfaust/ros/base/pkgsrcs/ros_tutorials/roscpp_tutorials/talker/talker.cpp:main:92

Node: /talker

Time: 1259705361.669204000

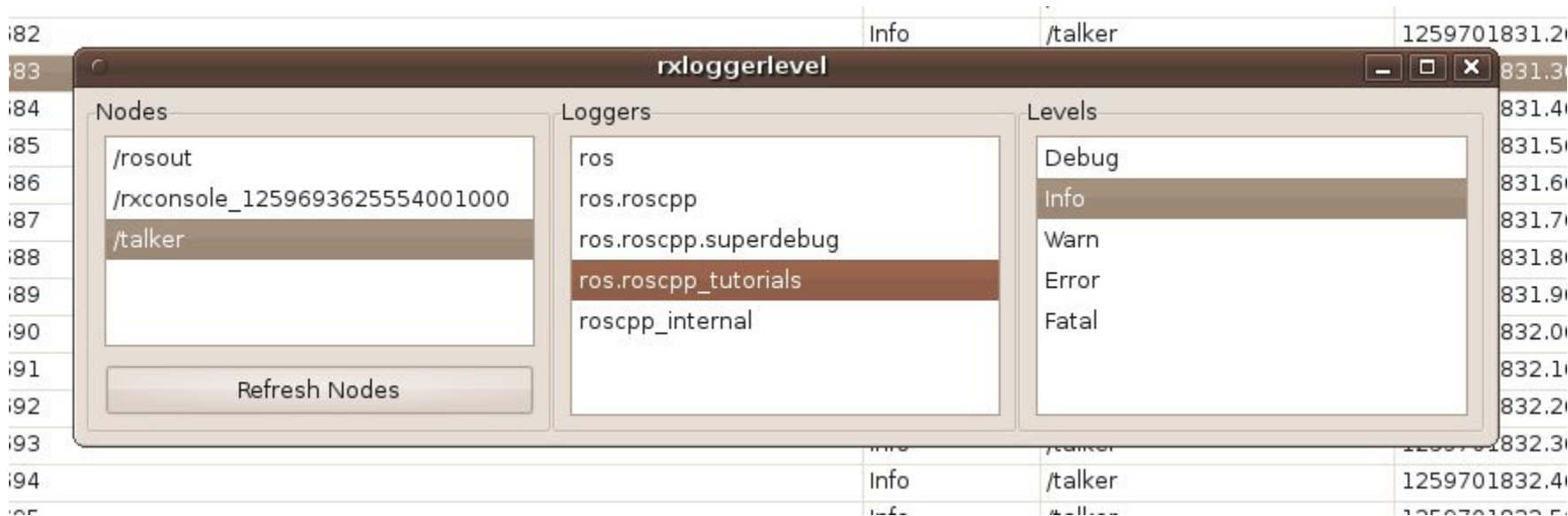
Severity: Info

Location: /u/jfaust/ros/base/pkgsrcs/ros_tutorials/roscpp_tutorials/talker/talker.cpp:main:92

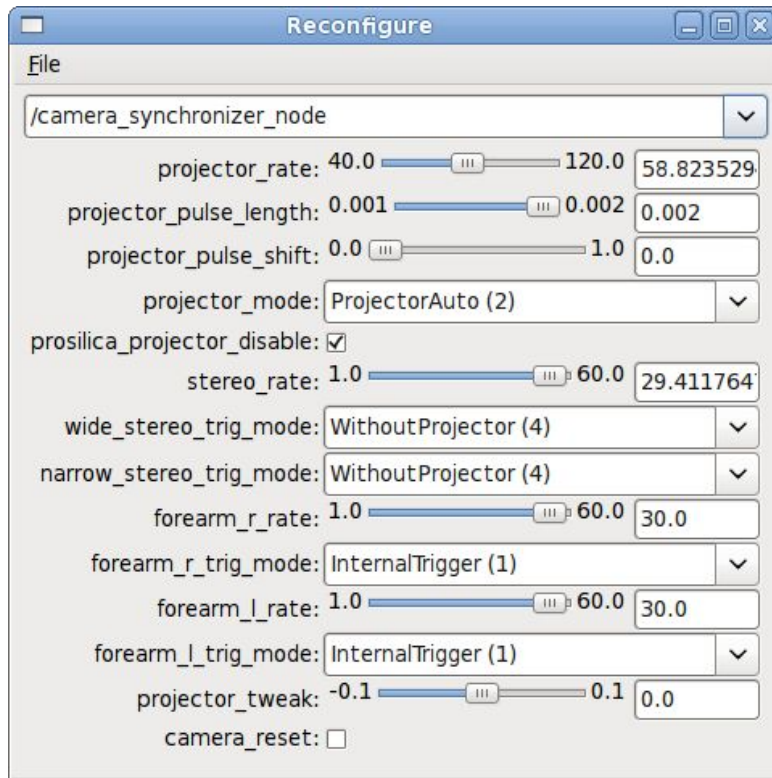
Published Topics: /rosout, /chatter

hello world 116986|

ROS Graphical User Interface(s)



ROS Graphical User Interface(s)



Rviz

File View Plugins Help

Move Camera Select 2D Nav Goal 2D Pose Estimate

Displays

- Global Options**
 - Background Color (0,0,0)
 - Fixed Frame /map
 - Target Frame /map
- Global Status: OK**
- 01. Grid (Grid)** ☒
- 02. Origin Axes (Axes)** ☐
- 03. Visualization Markers** ☒
 - Status: OK
 - Marker Topic /localize_drinks_action/mark
- Namespaces**
 - basic_shapes ☒
- 04. Robot Model (Robot)** ☒
 - Status: OK
 - Visual Enabled ☒
 - Collision Enabled ☐
 - Update Interval 0
 - Alpha 1
 - Robot Description robot_description
 - TF Prefix
- Links**
- 05. 2D Pose: Odometry (Odometry)** ☐
- 06. 2D Pose: Localized (Localization)** ☐
- 07. Map (Map)** ☒
- 08. Head Scan (Laser Scanner)** ☐
- 09. Floor Scan (Laser Scanner)** ☒
- 10. Transforms (TF)** ☐
- 11. Stereo Cloud (PointCloud2)** ☐
 - Status: OK
 - Topic /wide_stereo/points
 - Selectable ☒
 - Style Billboards
 - Billboard Size 0.01
 - Alpha 1
 - Decay Time 0
 - Position Transformer XYZ
 - Color Transformer RGB8
- 12. FilteredTiltCloud (PointCloud2)** ☐
 - Status: OK

Alpha
Amount of transparency to apply to the links.

Add Remove

Tool Properties

- 2D Nav Goal**
 - Topic move_base_simple
- 2D Pose Estimate**
 - Topic initialpose

Views

Orbit

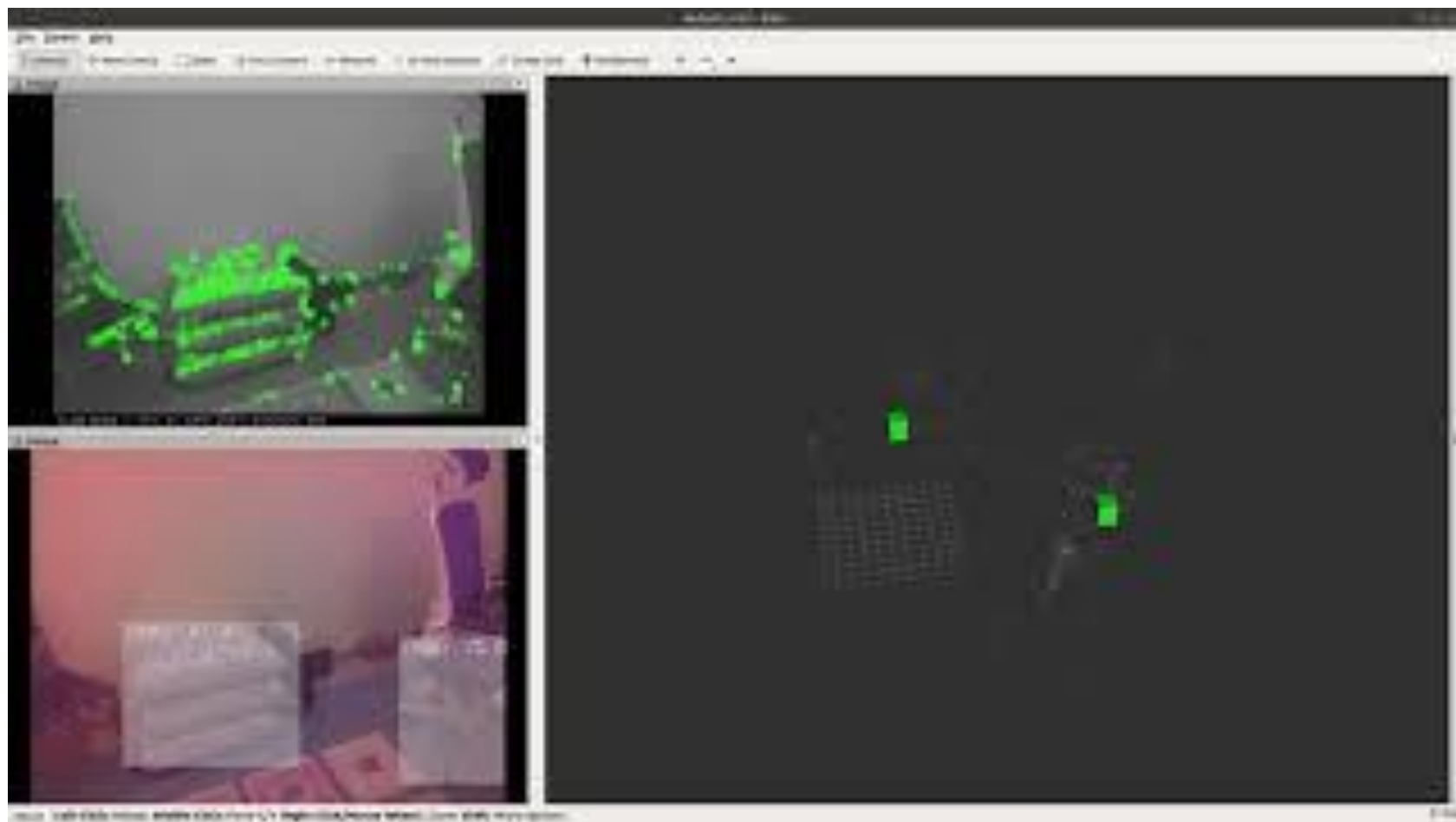
Save Current Load Delete

Selection

Camera2

Time

Wall Time: 1278030156.830554 Wall Elapsed: 10897.485506 ROS Time: 1278030156.830551 ROS Elapsed: 10897.485506 Reset



Rviz

ROS Meta-Filesystem

- This meta-system allows ROS (rospack, specifically) to locate any package in the designated path, be it at compile time or runtime.
- Since ROS can find any package at any time, it enables packages to be moved around in the actual system for greater codebase flexibility.
- ROS uses CMake (www.cmake.org) internally to compile and link code, and some more useful tools (e.g. catkin tools).

Packages - ROS Meta-Filesystem

The minimal representation of a ROS package is a directory in the `$ROS_PACKAGE_PATH` which contains:

- **manifest.xml**
 - Contains package metadata (author, license, url, etc)
 - Species system and package dependencies
 - Species language-specific export ags
- **CMakeLists.txt**
 - Contains ROS build rules (executables, libraries, custom build ags, etc)
- **Makefile**
 - Just a proxy to build this package

Thank You
